development of transport services is necessary. Furthermore, Belarus is a participant of the project called "New Silk Road". The country actually unites the Eurasian Economic Union and the European Union that makes possible to maximize the benefit from its geopolitical position.

Thus, barriers removal, involvement of small and medium size businesses and constant expansion of the range of services provided will contribute to the development of the services export. It would be useful to envisage the participation of Belarus in international alliances on the production of certain types of services, as well as the creation of clusters in the service industry on the territory of Belarus, that will increase the efficiency of the functioning of the national economy as a whole. Based on the data studied, we can conclude that the service industry in Belarus is profitable and promising, because precisely it can create new vacancies, provide the country with the inflow of foreign direct investments and currency.

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EQUALITY AND EQUITY: WHAT IS THE PRIORITY?

РАВЕНСТВО И СПРАВЕДЛИВОСТЬ: ЧТО В ПРИОРИТЕТЕ?

People say that we all are unique but equal. They believe that justice rules the world where everything goes in the right rhythm. They really do until the harsh reality falls on their shoulders.

Since I became 14 I've started to think about the structure of the society. It is really interesting to understand what makes people live the life they live, where they want to work, with whom they wish to communicate. Despite all the welcoming in which, on the first sight, we are wrapped here comes rude, ugly, even strange to someone's ears word discrimination.

A great part of those who hear such a term become furious shouting that we do not have this problem. But living in the century of high technologies and progress we often forget to care about each other.

Age, race, religion, gender, sexual orientation and social discrimination is everywhere. People are concerned ill if they love the same sex person; women are forbidden to be employed for 252 staff positions only in Belarus; Muslims are thought all to be too religious and even dangerous; strange man is considered threaten being in elevator together with a woman. Is it normally? The main purpose of my research is to find out if equality really exists. I don't want just to prove the opposite, but I hope that somebody will hear, understand and remember these words.

Discrimination DOES exist confirming that our society often talks louder that does anything for improving the situation.

I have asked some people if they are against inequality. All of them answered 'yes'. Simultaneously 68% of respondents confessed that they dislike or even hate black-skin or single-sex people; 92% confirmed not noticing infringement of the women rights.

After analyzing the results of the questionnaire I have come to several conclusions:

• Most people don't notice the problem while they are themselves objects of discrimination development;

- Telling each other about equality we forget about equity;
- The society doesn't need to have identical people: only wise and tolerant.

"Discrimination is not done by villains. It's done by us." Vivienne Ming

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YOUTH UNEMPLOYMENT: THE ESSENCE AND RELEVANT SOLUTIONS

БЕЗРАБОТИЦА СРЕДИ МОЛОДЕЖИ: СУЩНОСТЬ И АКТУАЛЬНЫЕ ПУТИ РЕШЕНИЯ

In today's world, in the era of the global economic crisis, the problem of employment is especially acute. It is not occasional that unemployment and underemployment come up into the second place in the TOP-10 of global risks. According to the International Labor Organization's report ILO's World Employment and Social Outlook: Trends 2017, unemployment continues to grow, especially among the youth. Therefore, the object of our research is unemployment and its impact on social and economic aspects. The subject of our research is features of the formation of unemployment among the youth of the Republic of Belarus. Our interest in this object of study has led to the goal to overcome unemployment, so we establish the following tasks: to analyze the rate of unemployment and work out methods to combat unemployment. In 2016, the number of the unemployed in the world increased by 3.4 million people and the unemployment rate was 5.8%. By 2018, the